

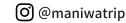


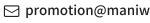
Maniwa Tourism Bureau

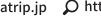


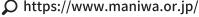














Hiruzen used to be covered by a lake during the prehistoric era.

However, a massive volcanic eruption one million years ago gave birth to the Hiruzen Sanza.

Years later, Hiruzen Lake was formed

Mt Daisen, one of Japan's most iconic mountains was formed after 350,000 years.

The rivers that flowed towards the san'in region changed direction and started flowing towards the sanyo region instead.

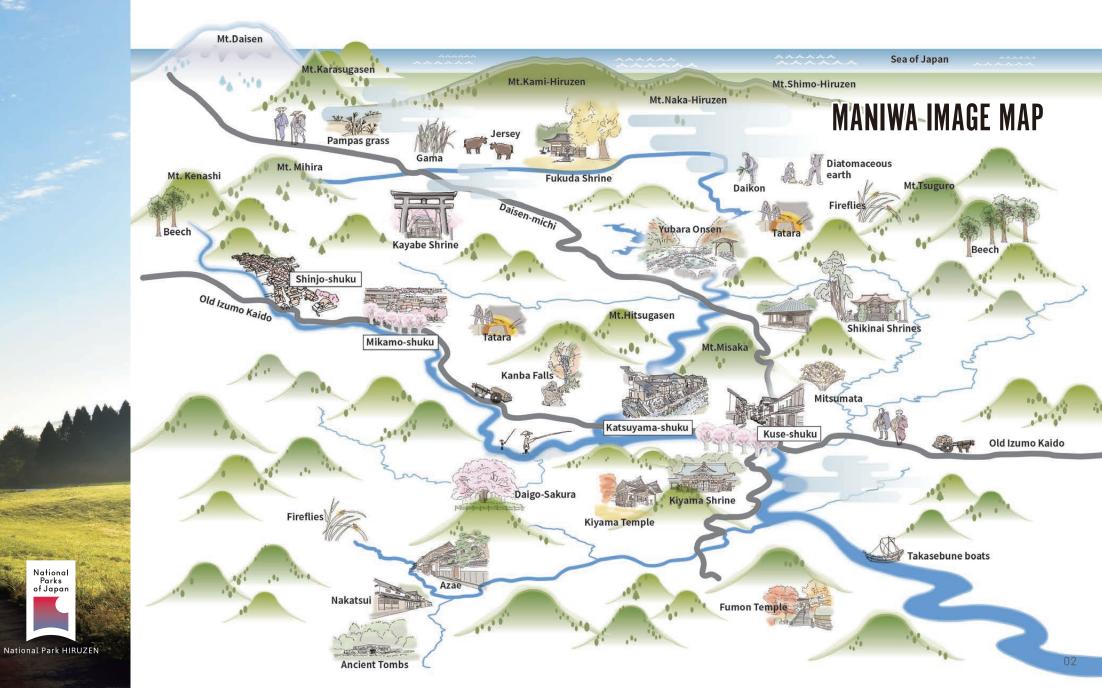
The Hiruzen Lake disappeared and the area became the midpoint that connects the san'in and sanyo region.

With a wide variety of natural vegetation and wildlife, Hiruzen developed its own unique culture and practices.

The pure water from the mountains, thought to be linked to the lake, is being used in farming and agriculture.

Towns nearby (Katsuyama, Yubara Onsen, Kuse, etc) developed and flourished due to the availability of healthy and delicious food.

Join us in experiencing the gift of nature

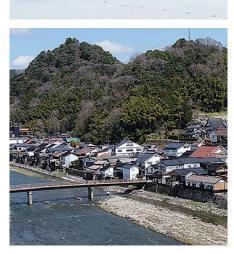




Hiruzen in the Snow

The snow falls and covers the area in the winter, Shinjo-shuku, which thrived as an inn town on The geothermally heated water gushes out as a The great fall is one of the largest in the Chuthen reaches deep inside the grounds, and the way to and from Izumo, also benefitted from hot spring, bringing relaxation to people. eventually turns into water and brings the the River Shinjo. blessings of nature to us.







Old Izumo Kaido Shinio-shuku





Delicious Rice

Yubara Onsen: Outdoor Onsen Sunavu

Kanba Falls

goku region, offering monkeys a place to rest.







local sake.





brings out the flavors of specially produced credits itself to the purity of water that flows through the area.





LAVENDER (HERB GARDEN HERBIL

BOTANICAL

In the Maniwa region you can find various plants throughout the year. Cherry blossom can be enjoyed for about a whole month in spring as the temperature changes throughout the region's vast area stretching north to south. Hydrangeas in June, lavender in July, and sunflower fields in August. Then comes the season of autumn foliage, coloring the trees crimson. When that is over, a winter wonderland of mountains blanketed in snow awaits you.







AUTUMN FOLIAGE

Maniwa is famous for its many spots that offer great views of the autumn foliage. The leaves begin to change color once it is autumn, and the mountains burst into colors of red and yellow, delighting the eyes of many viewers. At shrines and temples, the grand trees turn into incredible autumnal colors, and the combination with the stately wooden structures creates a spectacular view.









HISTORICAL SITES

KATSUYAMA HISTORICAL PRESERVATION DISTRICT

Katsuyama thrived as an inn town along the Izumo Kaido route leading to the castle town. The earthen-walled storehouses dozo, white-plastered walls shirokabe, and lattice windows that have survived in the streets of Katsuyama exude an antique atmosphere of Japan's past. Moreover, the ruins of the dock of takasebune flatboats once used in water transport remain to this day along the Asahigawa River. The atmosphere brought by the murmuring of the stream, the cobbled streets and the white walls of the houses makes this place worth the visit.





SHIBORI TIE-DYEING WORKSHOP

SHINIU SHIIKII

Shinjo-shuku strongly retains its legacy as an inn town along the Izumo Kaido route. The streets exuding an ancient atmosphere make feel as though you have traveled back in time to the Edo period. The town is also home to a roughly 400m long tunnel created by a row of cherry blossom trees, which includes an ancient tree that is over 100 years old, along the waterway of a clear stream. Cherry blossom viewing is a recommended activity in spring.





FORMER SENKYO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Former Senkyo Elementary School is a wooden school of Renaissance architecture built in 1907. The school has a striking exterior with a perfectly symmetrical design. Though its functions as a school ceased about 30 years ago, it is now open to public as a nationally designated important cultural property. Its popular features include the "nostalgic school meal" enjoyed while dressed in school uniforms.







OPEN-AIR BATH

Maniwa is home to lots of accommodation and bathhouses that offer hot springs and open-air baths, with Yubara Onsen being the main area. Visitors can enjoy the changing seasons in the baths that come with their own unique characters.



ONSEN YAKUSHIDO

Temple, located at the center of the Yubara Onsen Town, is worshipped as the buddha of healing that returns things that have been lost. Maybe you will get back the things you have lost, like money, health, and even a lover. The temple is worth a visit. During the annual Flower Festival on May 8, visitors can see thumb-size statues of the buddha of healing.





STAY
In different areas of Maniwa, there is a wide variety of accommodation from hotels, cottages, rental holiday homes, inns, guest houses, campsites, and more.
You can choose what suits you best according to your preference and budget.





The Maniwa region is rich in nature and a treasure trove of food such as vegetables from the highlands and mountains, and freshwater fish from the clear stream. Come and experience the incredible culinary culture that only the countryside of Japan can provide.





JERSEY BEEF STEAK

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CHEESE FONDUE



ACTIVITY SPRING-SUMMER If you want to have your fill of the great outdoors, river trekking and grand trees touring is recommended. Cycle through the plateau, ancient streets, riverside roads and unspoiled Japanese landscapes for an exhibit at the park offer experiences unique to this land.





ACTIVITY AUTUMN-WINTER Enjoy snowshoes and fat bikes in the winter wonderland of blanketing snow. There are also tour programs led by local guides. In the Hiruzen area, you can enjoy skiing, snowboarding, sledging, and snow tubing.



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FARMING EXPERIENCE

Staying at a farmer's house, harvesting vegetables and fruit, interacting with the farmers while cooking the safe and reliable ingredients, enjoying their taste in the land of Maniwa, blessed by the surviving unspoiled landscape of Japan. Maniwa offers an experience you cannot find in the city.

EXPERIENCE GUIDE

CACLIM

Hop onto the bike and cycle your way through the countryside. Enjoy the cool breeze as you cycle along the river and through the cherry blossom tunnel. In this experience, you'd get to sample delicious local cuisine, harvest vegetables or try your hands on handicraft. Let our experienced local guide show you the best places in the region.





EXPERIENCE GUIDE

GUIDE TOUR OF SHIKINAI SHRINES

Surrounded by the mountains where clear water flows through and quiet time passes by, the Yashiro district is the epitome of an unspoiled Japanese landscape. The area is scattered with historical heritage including shrines, temples, stonework, and traces of iron sand mining. Accompanied by a local guide, visitors can tour around the attractions of the Yashiro district, which is home to many unsolved mysteries.













FERMENTED FOODS OF MANIAWA

The culture of fermentation thrives in Maniwa, a city that draws on the benefits of its clear water. From sake, miso, soy sauce, and vinegar to wine, beer, and even cheese.

Their delectable character is emphasized further through the rich natural environment and artisanal prowess.



YAMAYAKI

After the snow thaws, something that reminds us of the arrival of spring, the "Mountain Burning," is held. This is allowed only in the villages with the purpose of the conservation of the rare flora, fauna, and the landscape of the grasslands.







The Satoyama Countryside of Maniwa: Bringing People and Nature Together

Growing crops in the field and keeping warm with firewood and charcoal while tasting the bounty of nature. That is the beauty of countryside lifestyle that the city cannot offer. People have come closer together as they protect their ancient wisdom and clever inventions and develop their community by making the most of their satoyama resources.

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Katsuyama Kenka Danjiri Festival [The Three Danjiri of Okayama]

Katsuyama has long thrived as a key location along the Izumo Kaido route. The venue is mainly in the area designated as a townscape preservation area, and excitement blazes in the area during the fighting festival Kenka Danjiri, which is held annually on October 19 and 20. Kenka Danjiri is said to have started in the late Edo period, and in it nine danjiri floats clash with each other violently in four fighting areas. The audience gets caught up in the excitement as they watch the youths of Katsuyama colliding in the most heated event of the year.





Kuse Festival Danjiri Kenka [The Three Danjiri of Okayama]

Kuse Festival is said to have started in the Genroku era (1688–1704), and is held annually on October 25 and 26. The greatest highlight is Danjiri Kenka, in which danjiri floats are bumped against each other. Danjiri are modeled on takasebune flatboats, which used to be a mode of transport. The crowd on both sides undulate left to right as they crash into each other again and again in the hope of creating momentum to pierce the opponent's float with the pointed tip of their danjiri. You may even see sparks flying from the impact of the crash!

Unusual Festival of Okayama

Hanzaki Festival is a seasonal feature of summer in the Yubara area. "Hanzaki" refers to giant Japanese salamanders, which are protected as the country's "special natural monument". Known as the unusual festival of Okayama, the event is an annual tradition held on August 8 of every year. The festival features floats carrying giant salamanders and illuminated salamanders, as well as instrumental performances of dochu bayashi, filling Yubara Onsen with salamander vibes.



HANZAKI

Hanzaki is another name for the Osansho-uo (Adrias japonicas / Great salamander), also known as a living fossil which hasn't evolved for the past 30 million years, and has been designated as a national special natural treasure. There are not many places where they inhabit, and it can be seen at the "Hanzaki Center" at the Yuhara region in Maniwa.



[Traditional Crafts Designated by Okayama Prefecture]

GOBARA JACQUERWARE

This daily-use lacquerware featuring beautiful grain patterns has a history of about 600 years and has been produced in the Gobara area, which thrived as an inn town where people passing back and forth along the Oyama Michi route gathered. The unprocessed, wild Japanese chestnut trees are cut into round slices then shaped. Diatomaceous earth from Hiruzen is used for the base. Glazed with the lacquer of locally grown trees, this traditional craft is a rare and valuable find.



[Traditional Craft Designated by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry

KATSUYAMA BAMBOO WORK

Traditional craft produced in the Katsuyama region. The craft dates back to around the end of the Edo period (1853-1869), when people made sieves and baskets that they used in farming and at home. In modern times, contemporary designs are incorporated into items such as sundries and vases. Rustic yet impressive, these items are resilient and simple to use.







Traditional Crafts Designated by Okayama Prefecture

GAMA-ZAIKU

Gama-zaiku is the art of weaving southern cattail growing wild in the wetlands of the Hiruzen area, using the cords made from the Japanese linden bark. Making use of the excellent waterproof and thermal qualities of cattail, craftsmen carefully weave every product by hand, mainly daily items such as handbags, zori sandals, and snowshoes.

TRADITION





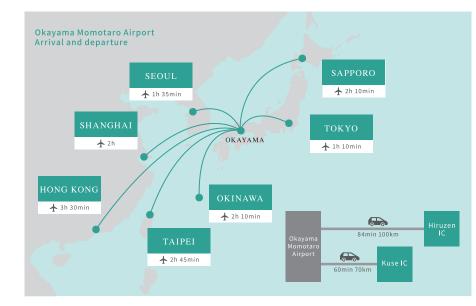


【Traditional Crafts】

KASHINISHI WASHI PAPER

Kashinishi washi paper is a type of handmade Japanese paper made of paperbush produced in the Kashinishi district. The paperbush from this region, which began serious production in the Meiji period, is of good quality, and was used in Japan's 10,000 yen bill. Kashinishi Tesuki Washi Kobo ("Kashinishi Handmade Washi Paper Studio"), produces and sells a wide variety of washi products, from traditional paper to original pieces dyed in col-

BY PLANE



Access by car from each airport

Yonago Kitaro Airport

Hiruzen IC 60min 50km Kuse IC 80min 80km

Izumo Enmusubi Airport

Hiruzen IC80min 90km Kuse IC 95min 120km

Tottori Sand Dunes Conan Airport

Hiruzen IC 85min 70km Kuse IC 100min 90km

CLIMATE



with ideal access to both the Setouchi and San'in regions.

However, please take not that the climates differ drastically

The average temperatures for each are are shown in the table below.



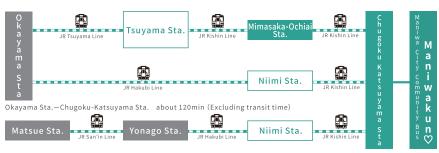


Depending on the seasons, there are spectacular sceneries to be seen here. between the southern regions (Kuse) and the northern areas (Hiruzen).

Highest recorded temperature Kuse Area 39.3°C Lowest recorded temperature Hiruzen (Kaminagata) -20.2°C

BY TRAIN





Matsue Sta. – Chugoku-Katsuyama Sta. about 140min (Use limited express Yakumo Excluding transit time)

